The Poultry Processing Line:

An Overview of How Chickens Are Slaughtered and Processed in the U.S.



Chickens arrive at the processing plant from the farm from where they are raised cage-free in large, ventilated barns called "growout houses"

Workers trained in humane handling carefully place chickens on a moving line

The chickens are calmed by dim lighting and by "rub bars," which provide a comforting sensation on the chicken's chest

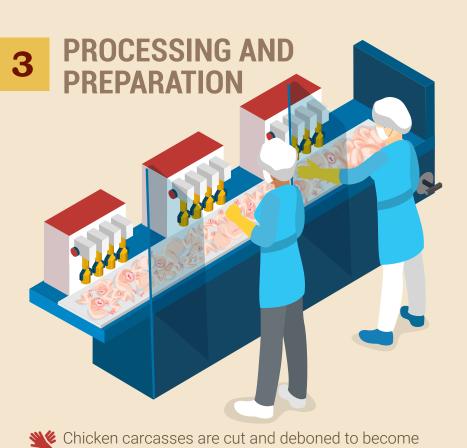
Birds are stunned (rendered unconscious and unaware

the throat

Trained workers ensure that each bird is properly slaughtered before feather removal, evisceration and

cleaning

of pain) and then slaughtered with a quick, single cut to



different products like chicken wings, drumsticks or chicken breasts

Chicken might also be cooked

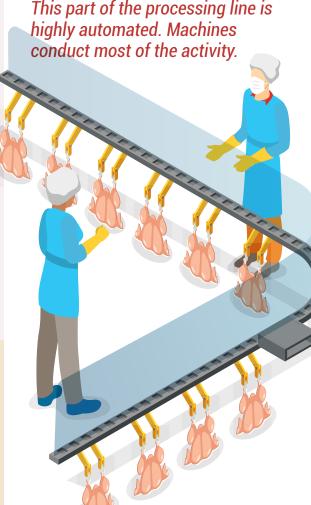
For more information, visit

trained workers , automated equipment , and inspection and testing conducted by the USDA and plant personnel . USDA inspectors are in every plant monitoring the processing line to ensure the chicken you eat is safe and meets U.S. Department of Agriculture safety standards.

The poultry processing line includes

2 CLEANING AND EVISCERATION (REMOVAL OF FEATHERS AND

INTERNAL ORGANS)



- Feathers, internal organs and feet are removed
- Carcasses are thoroughly washed
- Each carcass is inspected by a member of the processing plant and a USDA inspector for any food safety and quality issues
- Carcasses are then chilled to reduce any possible food borne pathogens

 The chicken is tested for any
- potential dangerous bacteria, like Salmonella



www.chickencheck.in/faq/how-chickens-slaughtered-processed/